REPORT REFERENCE NO.	DSFRA/17/37
MEETING	DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY
DATE OF MEETING	18 DECEMBER 2017
SUBJECT OF REPORT	LOCALISM ACT 2011 – PAY POLICY STATEMENT 2018-19
LEAD OFFICER	Director of Corporate Services (Clerk to the Authority)
RECOMMENDATIONS	That, subject to any amendments that may be agreed at the meeting, the Committee recommends the Pay Policy Statement to the Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority for approval.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	The Authority is required under the Localism Act 2011 to approve and publish a Pay Policy Statement, by 31 March of each year, to operate for the forthcoming financial year. This Statement sets out the Authority's policy towards a range of issues relating to the pay of its workforce and in particular the senior staff and the lowest paid employees.
	This paper provides further background information in relation to the requirements of the Localism Act and includes a draft Pay Policy Statement for the forthcoming (2018-19) financial year.
	The principal differences between this iteration and previous versions relates to the stated salaries of senior officers on the Service Executive Board and the changes in the Executive Board structure. Also the salaries of other staff have been reviewed to reflect nationally agreed pay increases. Other than this, the Pay Policy Statement for 2018-19 is as approved by the Authority in previous years.
	The proposed Pay Policy Statement for 2018-19 is to be considered by the Human Resources Management & Development Committee at its meeting on 14 December. The recommendations from that meeting will be reported to the Authority.
RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS	There are no resource implications associated with production of the Pay Policy Statement. Funding for staffing costs etc. are contained within the approved Authority revenue budget.
EQUALITY RISK & BENEFITS ANALYSIS (ERBA)	The contents of this report are considered compatible with existing equalities and human rights legislation.
APPENDICES	A. Draft Pay Policy Statement 2018-19
LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS	<ol> <li>Localism Act 2011 Sections 38 to 43.</li> <li>"Pay Policy and Practice in Local Authorities: A Guide for Councillors" produced by the Local Government Association, published January 2013.</li> <li>Code of Recommended Practice for Local Authorities on Data Transparency.</li> </ol>

## 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Localism Act 2011 ("the Act") introduced a new requirement for all public authorities, including combined fire and rescue authorities, to approve and publish annually a Pay Policy Statement. The reasons for the introduction of this new duty, included:
  - the estimation that, between 2001 and 2008 median top salaries in local government grew at faster rate than entry salaries and that, in that context, around 800 local government employees were in the top 1% of all earners;
  - the commitment of the [then] Coalition Government to strengthen councillors powers to vote on large salary packages for council officers;
  - the outcome of the Hutton review into fair pay in the public sector which made several recommendations for promoting pay fairness in the public sector by increasing transparency over pay and tackling disparities between the lowest and the highest paid in public sector organisations.
- 1.2 The provisions on pay in the Act are designed to bring together the strands of Government thinking to address pay issues in local government as outlined above.
- Pay Policy Statements must articulate an authority's policy towards a range of issues relating to the pay of its workforce, particularly its senior staff (or "chief officers") and its lowest paid employees. Pay Policy Statements must be prepared and approved by the full Authority by 31 March in each year and be published as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter. Publication can be in such a manner as the Authority considers appropriate, but must include publication on the Authority's website. A Pay Policy Statement may be amended "in year" but, should it be amended, the revised Statement must again be published.
- 1.4 In essence, the purpose of the Pay Policy Statement is to ensure that there is the appropriate accountability and transparency of top salaries in local government. Under the Act, elected Members have the ability to take a greater role in determining the pay for top earners and therefore ensuring that these decisions are taken by those who are directly accountable to the local people. In addition, communities should have access to the information they need to determine whether remuneration, particularly senior remuneration, is appropriate and commensurate with responsibility.

## 2. CONTENT OF THE PAY POLICY STATEMENT

- 2.1 The Act requires that each authority's Pay Policy Statement must include its policies on:
  - the level and elements of remuneration for each chief officer:
  - the remuneration of its lowest paid employees (together with its definition of "lowest paid employees" and its reasons for adopting that definition);
  - the relationship between the remuneration of its chief officers and other employees;
  - other specific aspects of chief officers' remuneration namely:
    - o remuneration on recruitment:
    - increases and additions to remuneration:
    - use of performance-related pay and bonuses; termination payments; and
    - transparency (i.e. the publication and access to information on the remuneration of chief officers).

- 2.2 The term remuneration is defined as the chief officer's salary, any bonuses payable, any charges, fees or allowances payable, any benefits in kind to which the chief officer is entitled as a result of their office or employment, any increase in or enhancement of the chief officer's pension entitlement where the increase or enhancement is as a result of the resolution of the Authority and any amounts payable by the Authority to the chief officer on the chief officer ceasing to hold office under or be employed by the Authority other than amounts that may be payable by virtue of any enactment.
- 2.3 The term "chief officers" in a fire and rescue service context will refer to the Chief Fire Officer but "chief officers" are defined in Section 43 of the Act to include a Head of Paid Service, a Monitoring Officer, any other statutory chief officer, or a deputy chief officer or other non-statutory chief officer as defined in the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (these include officers reporting directly either to the Head of Paid Service or the Authority).

## 3. SENIOR EMPLOYEES AND PAY RATIOS

- 3.1. Whilst the Localism Act 2011 does not require details on salary levels to be published in the Pay Policy Statement, the Accounts and Audit Regulations require the published Statement of Accounts for an authority to include information on senior employees who are identified by job title and paid over £50,000, in bands of £5,000. Any senior employee earning in excess of £150,000 must be identified by name.
- 3.2. "Senior employees" are defined as per the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (see para. 2.3 above) but also include "a person who has responsibility for the management of the relevant body to the extent that the person has power to direct or control the major activities of the body (in particular activities involving the expenditure of money), whether solely or collectively with other persons".
- 3.3. The Localism Act requires authorities to explain what they think the relationship should be between the remuneration of its chief officers and its employees who are not chief officers. The Hutton Review of Fair Pay recommended the publication of the ratio between the highest paid employee and the median pay-point of the organisation's whole workforce as a way of illustrating that relationship. Guidance produced by the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) on openness and accountability in local pay provides that:

"While authorities are not required to publish data such as a pay multiple within their pay policy statement, they may consider it helpful to do so, for example, to illustrate their broader policy on how pay and reward should be fairly dispersed across their workforce. In addition, while they are not required to develop local policies on reaching or maintaining a specific pay multiple by the Act they may wish to include any existing policy".

3.4. Section 5 of the proposed Pay Policy Statement shows two pay multiples, comparison with the median earnings of the whole workforce (as recommended by Hutton), using the basic pay for full-time equivalents. The second multiple is for the lowest pay point, which has previously been used as a benchmark in the media following suggestions by the Government that a ratio of 20:1 should be regarded as a maximum level which public sector organisations should not exceed.

#### 4. RE-EMPLOYMENT OF OFFICERS

4.1 In 2013 the Local Government Association (LGA) published guidance titled "Pay Policy in Practice in Local Authorities – A Guide for Councillors". However, unlike other guidance published by DCLG, it does not constitute statutory guidance and is perhaps best viewed as "best practice". In November 2013 the LGA specifically issued the guidance to all fire and rescue authorities in England and Wales. Within the covering letter the LGA highlighted that the practice of re-employment of individuals who have been made redundant or have retired and are in receipt of a pension should be used only in exceptional and justifiable circumstances (such as business continuity). Within the guide is an LGA model Pay Policy Statement which suggests the following paragraph:

"It is not the council's policy to re-employ or to contract with senior managers who have been made redundant from the council unless there are exceptional circumstances where their specialist knowledge and expertise is required for a defined period of time or unless a defined period of (define number of years) has elapsed since the redundancy and circumstances have changed"

4.2 The covering letter to this LGA guidance suggests that this paragraph should be widened to incorporate retirements in addition to redundancies. These modifications were incorporated into the 2014-15 Pay Policy Statement and remain unchanged in the draft now attached for 2018-19.

# 5. THE TRANSPARENCY CODE

- 5.1 The introduction of the The Local Government (Transparency Requirements) (England) Regulations 2014 also resulted in further additional requirements in terms of publishing data relating to the Authority. The requirements are set out in a Local Government Transparency Code. The LGA has produced a set of revised practical guidance documents to support local authorities in understanding and implementing the Transparency Code 2014 and to help them publish the data in a meaningful and consistent way. The Code covers information on spending and procurement, organisational information and asset and parking information.
- The Transparency Code requirements overlap to a degree with certain staffing information required to be published both as part of the annual Statement of Accounts and the Pay Policy Statement. There are, however, some additions including requirements for further details of Senior Manager organisational structures, grading and responsibilities where salary levels are in excess of £50,000 and also Trade Union Facility time.

### 6. PAY POLICY STATEMENT 2018-19

- This is now the seventh iteration of the Pay Policy Statement, the Authority having approved and published a Statement for each of the last six consecutive years following introduction of the requirement by the Localism Act 2011.
- The draft Pay Policy Statement to operate for the 2018-19 financial year is now attached at Appendix A to this report. The only significant difference between this iteration and the previous version relates to the salaries of senior officers that have been reviewed to reflect nationally agreed pay increases. Other than this, there are no substantial changes to the Pay Policy Statement as approved by the Authority in 2016 and 2017.
- The draft Pay Policy Statement for 2018-19 is to be considered by the Human Resources Management & Development Committee at its meeting on 14 December 2017. The recommendations from that meeting will be reported to the Authority.

# 7. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

- 7.1 The Localism Act requires the Authority to adopt, prior to the commencement of each financial year, a Pay Policy Statement to operate for the forthcoming financial year. This Statement sets out, amongst other things, the Authority's policy towards a range of issues relating to the pay of its workforce and in particular the senior staff and the lowest paid employees.
- 7.2 The Authority is invited to consider this draft Statement with a view to recommending it to the full authority (subject to any further amendments that may be indicated at the meeting).

MIKE PEARSON
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(Clerk to the Authority)